

AN AGREEMENT

Is Reached By the Miners and Operators at Columbus.

AND THE STRIKE BROKEN AT LAST.

Scale Committee's Report Ratified by the Joint Conference.

TO GO INTO EFFECT NEXT MONDAY.

President Adams, of the Ohio Miners Refuses to Sign, but the Agreement is Final—Col. Rend's Proposition was Kindly Received but the Settlement Made was Somewhat Different—The Compromise Reached After an All Day's Session—No Agreement in the Pomeroy District—Other Districts.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 11.—While it has been announced that the agreement reached by the operators and miners in their joint conference in this city to-night is final, its effect upon the miners remains to be seen. The fact that fully a week will intervene before the agreement takes effect leads to the belief that the determination of the miners to accept no compromise can be mollified.

A majority of the operators left for their homes immediately after the adjournment of the conference to-night, and those who could be seen were confident that the agreement would bring about a speedy settlement of the strike.

THE CONFERENCE.

Details of the Agreement Which Breaks the Strike and May Settle It Finally.

COLUMBUS, O., June 11.—The joint committee on scale composed of operators and miners went into executive session at 9 o'clock a.m. Each side expressed a feeling that circumstances elsewhere had placed an agreement there in jeopardy, but each would try to effect an agreement. John McBride said the miners were not contending for recognition of the miners union, but for a uniform scale.

Before going into executive session as a joint committee, the miners held a private conference of about one hour's duration. Some of the operators said that they preferred to deal with organized rather than unorganized labor as more uniform results could be secured.

Col. W. P. Rand, who was very anxious to effect a settlement, submitted a proposition on his own account to agree to a scale of 60 cents for Pennsylvania and 60 cents for Ohio, other territory in a fair proportion, the price to hold good until September 1, when the rate is to be increased to 70 cents in Western Pennsylvania and in other districts in proportion. Several of the operators in a private way said they would agree to Colonel Rand's plan.

THE AGREEMENT.

About 5:30 this evening the scale committee announced that an agreement had been reached and was being drawn up. The compromise was on a basis of 60 cents for Ohio and 60 cents for Western Pennsylvania. The agreement is not to take effect until next Monday, June 18, the miners desiring to have a week to submit the matter to the various districts, as much opposition to the compromise is expected, and the miners will have to be prepared to accept it.

At the joint conference to-night the agreement was ratified. A. A. Adams, president of the Ohio miners, who was a member of the scale committee, refused to sign the agreement. The settlement, however, is final. The scale agreed upon is as follows:

THE SCALE.
Pittsburgh, this vein 69 cents; thick vein, 56 cents. Hocking Valley, 60 cents. Indiana bituminous, 60 cents; Indiana block, 70 cents. Streator, Illinois, 62 cents for summer and 70 for winter; Bloomington, Illinois, 77 cents for summer and 85 for winter; La Salle and Springfield, Illinois, 72 cents for summer and 80 for winter. Other sections in northern Illinois fields at prices relative to the above.

Coal in Pittsburgh district going east to tidewater shall pay the same mining price as that paid by the Pennsylvania Gas and Westmoreland Coal companies. The scale of prices will effect and bind both parties thereto beginning June 18, 1894, and continuing until May 1, 1895; provided that the above named scale of prices for the Pittsburgh district shall be generally recognized and observed. The operators and miners shall co-operate in their efforts to secure a general observance of said prices, and if during the period covered by this agreement a general recognition of the prices herein named cannot be secured either party to this agreement may call a meeting of the joint board of arbitration and determine whether the agreement has been sufficiently complied with to warrant its continuance.

A GENERAL RESUMPTION

In Pennsylvania will follow the compromise, though some will hold out for awhile.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 11.—Interviews with a number of coal operators in the Pittsburgh district show a feeling among them, that a general resumption will take place next week on the basis of compromise affected at Columbus to-day.

W. P. DeArmitt, president of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, says his company will not agree to the compromise, as the company has all of its contracts made on a 55-cent rate. If his men will agree to make good the less resumption will be had next week.

miners should accept it. He thinks miners in his district will refuse to abide by it.

It is thought that the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, Imperial Coal Company, Osborne & Snagor and Charters Block Coal Company will make a fight against the 60-cent rate, but that they will eventually be compelled to succumb.

NO AGREEMENT

Reached at the Southern Ohio Conference. Considerable Feeling Shown.

POMEROY, OHIO, June 11.—The conference of the operators and miners here to-day left matters in worse shape than before. Forty delegates were in attendance representing the eighteen mines in the district, but only the operators from the Ohio side appeared. They refused to vouch for Southern West Virginia operators. It was shown, however, that those present representing more than half the output and the conference went on. The miners stated it in answer to questions from operators that in case of satisfactory settlement work would resume as soon as approved by wire by the national board.

Miners then made a proposition of mining for two and a half cents a bushel, an increase of a quarter of a cent over last year's rate. The operators flatly refused to consider the proposition and left the conference without making an offer.

The conference adjourned without day. The meeting was most animated and considerable bad feeling was engendered.

EXCITEMENT AT PEKIN

A Half Dozen Mines Will Resume—Trouble Is Feared.

PEKIN, ILL., June 11.—Fully a half dozen mines in this county will resume operations to-morrow morning under protection of sixty deputy sheriffs.

There are rumors of severe trouble when the attempt is made. To-night a story is prevalent that an attack will be made on the Pekin jail, though it is not credited here. There is the wildest excitement in Pekin, however.

AT CRIPPLE CREEK.

The Deputies Return to Their Homes. The Military on Guard.

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO., June 11.—The deputies broke camp and started for Colorado Springs to-day in accordance with the agreement with General Brooks and Sheriff Bowers. The mines will now be re-opened and the militia will act as guard as long as protection is needed. The mine owners will pay \$3 for eight hours.

The agreement made between General Brooks and Sheriff Bowers at Cripple Creek does not meet with Governor White's approval in all respects. The governor to-day wired Adjutant General Tarney that the troops must not be used as guards at the mines; that receipts must be given the miners of the arms taken from them and that not more than twenty-five miners must be arrested.

UNION OF LABOR.

The National Conference in Secret Session at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 11.—A conference of national officers of labor organizations assembled here to-day called by the general executive board of the Knights of Labor with a view to bringing about unity of work among all labor organizations and to report back to the next meetings of all such national bodies.

When the conference was called to order by General Master Workman Sovereign there was present nearly all the well known organizers of labor, including J. R. Sovereign, John W. Hayes, Samuel Gompers, P. J. McGuire, S. E. Wilkinson, E. Eckhart, E. B. McGuire and others. The conference organized with Grand Master Workman Sovereign as chairman and P. J. McGuire, head of the Brotherhood of Carpenters of the American Federation of Labor, as secretary. Executive sessions were voted for and a committee on law created to formulate a plan of agreement for the consideration of the conference.

HEROIC MEASURES

Said to be in Contemplation to Force a Settlement of the Miners' Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 11.—The Press will say to-morrow that when Secretary-Treasurer John W. Hayes and General Worthy Foreman Bishop, of the Knights of Labor, left the city Saturday to attend the big labor conference in St. Louis, they carried with them a typewritten copy of a resolution calling upon the members of all labor organizations to cease work until the miners' strike is settled or until Congress takes action to settle it.

Flint Glass Workers.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 11.—Secretary Kunzler, of the American Flint Glass Workers' Union, says that the iron mold and pressed departments in the flint glass houses will be kept in operation this summer. The prescription houses, however, will get their usual two months' shut down, though a few may work part of the time.

Will They Do It?

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 11.—The following telegram was sent to the Populist senators at Washington:

"Vote for a duty on wool and save our flocks from destruction."

JACOB ROSENBERG.

Morgantown Postmaster Named.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The senate in executive session to-day made the following confirmations: Postmasters—William H. Morgan, at Northumberland, Pa.; Joseph J. Wharton, at Morgantown, W. Va.

THOUSANDS of new patrons have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla this season and realized its benefit in blood purified and strength restored.

A NEW MOVE

By the Congressional Armor Plate Fraud Investigators to

LOCATE THE WEAK SPOTS ON SHIPS.

Lieut. Ackerman Gives the Most Important Testimony

YET BROUGHT OUT IN THE MATTER.

The Statements of the Informers Confirmed in Several Particulars—He Gives the Names of the Various Ships on Which the Defective Plates Are Located, With the Exact Location of Each Plate—Lieut. Wilner Played Cards and Drank While on Duty at Homestead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The armor plate investigating committee intends to make a new move toward locating the weak spots on warships. It is expected that the navy department will be asked to take off certain plates of the gunboat Machias and subject them to tests.

The Machias is now in the Brooklyn navy yard, where she has been cut in two for the purpose of lengthening. Her condition is such that it is believed certain defective plates can be traced by specific numbers, and when located can be unshipped and put to a test.

Lieutenant Ackerman was again before the committee to-day. He gave the history of some of the plates with a view to locating their present whereabouts. He also gave additional evidence on the methods of work of government inspectors at the Carnegie works.

The witness said the Carnegie company knew in advance what plates would be selected from groups for tests. The irregular cold water baths secretly given to plates, as disclosed by some of the informers, would make the plate structurally weak and subject to be cracked by a shot. The evidence of one of the informers located such a plate on the conning tower of the New York.

Chairman Cummings read from the evidence of one of the informers, Kountz, to the effect that he had secured the government stamp from Lieutenant Wilner, who was in charge of the stamp. Kountz in this testimony went on to give numerous hearsay reports as to Wilner's habits. It was stated that the lieutenant played cards and drank during the evening at a hotel near the works. A woman employed at the hotel had told the informers of helping the officer to his room on one occasion.

As to the armor of the Terror, Lieutenant Ackerman said he had visited the ship and had located two plates containing the defects disclosed by the informers. The plates contained small holes which had been secretly plugged up. The condition of the plates was kept from the public in order that the investigation might proceed and that possible injustice to the company might be avoided. Lieutenant Ackerman located a number of plugged plates on the Monterey. Another plugged plate was located on either the Cincinnati or Monterey.

Another defective plate was said to be on the Machias. Lieutenant Ackerman presented a statement which was regarded by the committee as very important, as it gave the various ships of the navy on which the defective armor plates are located, with the exact location of each plate.

On these plates the defects are of various kinds and degrees of seriousness. The committee regarded the evidence as the most important so far advanced.

A MIDDLE COURSE

Looked For—An Embarrassing Situation for the Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Captain Thomas' action in affording an asylum to the fugitive officers of the defunct Ezeta government on board his ship, the Benington, at La Libertad, Salvador, has very much embarrassed our government. For the third time since news of the action reached Washington the matter has been the subject of earnest consultation between the President and Secretaries Gresham and Herbert. To-day the conference lasted nearly an hour.

The officials refuse to talk about the matter for publication, but it is understood that no positive line of action has been agreed on. The difficulty lies in the fact that, while the government would like to repudiate Captain Thomas' action as confirming a dangerous doctrine, it does not care to face the charge of inhumanity in turning over the refugees to almost certain death, and the effort now is to find a middle course that will avoid at once the precedent and loss of life.

BRIEFS FROM THE WIRES.

The floods at Eldorado, Kansas, are subsiding.

The Union Warehouse Company, of New York, which failed last week, has filed its statement. Assets are \$32,935 and liabilities \$904,431.

Five tramps held up a Grand Trunk freight train near St. Catharines, Ont. Conductor Turner was mortally wounded while defending the train.

The miners' strike at Birmingham, Ala., is assuming a serious phase. Several bridges have been burned and troops are ordered out to guard property.

William Weber, of Reading, Pa., shot and killed Justice Clemmer, his father-in-law, an old man of sixty-one, in a quarrel arising out of Weber's domestic affairs.

Dispatches announcing a local outbreak of cholera in Russia are not regarded at the marine hospital bureau, Washington, as portending danger to this country.

The Scotch Mine Owners Association was officially warned that 70,000 miners would strike on June 27 if the association carried out its intention of reducing wages by one shilling a day.

THE UNIVERSITY

Commencement Week at Morgantown. The Competitive Drill.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., June 11.—The annual commencement exercises of the West Virginia University commenced yesterday morning with the baccalaureate sermon by Bishop C. O. Penick, of Baltimore, Md. A very large audience listened to the sermon, and it was pronounced one of the finest that has been preached before the students for many years. In the evening Bishop Penick preached in commencement hall to the Y. M. C. A. of the University. On both occasions he won the admiration of the audience by his clear and forcible presentation of his subjects.

This morning a game of base ball was played on the college campus between representatives of the senior and junior classes, resulting in a victory for the juniors. The university team plays with Washington-Jefferson to-morrow. This afternoon the annual competitive drill for the best drilled man in the corps took place. The five men remaining at the end were Messrs. McCoy, Kunkle, Standiford, Moore and Cramer. The one of these having the best general record for the year will be awarded the medal. The announcement will be made later. The board of regents met Saturday, but their work consisted only of the appointment of a few committees. To-day was spent in committee work, and no action of any importance has been taken. All is conjecture as to what move will be made. There are many new applications for some of the positions. Developments are awaited with interest.

STANDS BY IT ALL.

Col. Owens at Lexington—A Speech Which Is Not a Withdrawal of the Paris Attack.

LEXINGTON, KY., June 11.—From five to six thousand strangers were here this afternoon to hear W. C. Owens and Evan E. Settle, candidates for Congress in opposition to Colonel Breckinridge. They spoke in the opera house to a crowd only measured by the walls. Owens was introduced by Judge Jero H. Morton, an ex-Confederate soldier and a man of high standing in the district.

Owens made several allusions to Colonel Breckinridge, but made no new attack on him. He said, however, he stood by every word uttered in his famous Paris speech, when he attacked Breckinridge bitterly. He said if anybody took offense at anything he had or would say, he wanted that person to come to him like a man and not sneak off behind that long-haired, long-haired, irresponsible brute, Charles C. Moore. Moore published in his prohibition paper several columns last week against Owens, and this allusion is a reflection on Breckinridge, who is said by Owens men to have furnished Moore with the information. Settle made a good speech, and to-night he spoke again at the court house to a room full of voters.

ROYAL ARGANUM.

The Supreme Council at Detroit Elects Officers and Adjourns.

DETROIT, MICH., June 11.—At to-day's meeting of the supreme council Royal Arcanum officers were elected as follows:

Supreme regent, Chas. W. Hazard, Monongahela City, Pa.; supreme vice regent, John E. Pound, Lockport, N. Y.; past supreme regent, H. H. C. Miller, Chicago; secretary, W. O. Robson, Boston; treasurer, E. A. Slimer, auditor, A. T. Turner, Jr., Massachusetts; chaplain, E. F. Moulton, Ohio. Among the trustees was J. M. McKinley, of Ohio.

B. & O. Telegraphers.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 11.—H. C. McAdams, of Magnolia, W. Va.; W. Edgar Frazer, of Wilmington, Del.; William Nolan, of Baltimore, and W. F. Harrison, of Washington Junction, Md., are in the city. These gentlemen and about twenty-five others who are expected to arrive here to-morrow are delegates from various branches of the order of railway telegraphers located along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Their business here is to attend an annual meeting of the local telegraphers, which opens at the St. Charles hotel to-morrow.

Cause of the Sultan's Death.

LONDON, June 12.—A dispatch to a news agency from Tangier says: According to the certificate of the doctor who attended him, the cause of the sultan's death was dysentery. He was conscious until the last, and expressed the desire that Abdul Aziz should succeed him.

There is danger of a revolt being organized in favor of Muhyi Ismail, a brother of the deceased sultan, who is a popular favorite and has been acting as the representative of the sultan at Fez.

Fire at Frankton.

ELWOOD, IND., June 11.—The town of Frankton, six miles south, was visited by a destructive fire last night and a block of business houses burned causing a loss of over \$30,000. The fire was started by incendiaries and two strangers have been arrested.

Roeder Defeats Ross.

NEW YORK, June 11.—At the Academy of Music to-night Ernest Roeder, the champion Greek-Roman wrestler of the world, defeated Duncan Ross, the champion all around athlete, in a wrestling match. Roeder won three straight bouts.

A. O. U. W.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 11.—The supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen begins its annual session in this city to-morrow. One hundred delegates and many visitors will be present.

Steamship News.

HAMBURG, June 11.—Arrived, Sorrento, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, June 11.—Arrived, Catalonia, from Boston.

CORNICIAGH, June 11.—Arrived, Venetia, from New York.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Arrived, Aller, from Bremen.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair; south winds.

THE TEMPERATURE SATURDAY.

As furnished by C. SCHMIDT, druggist, corner Market and Fourth streets.

7 a. m. 74 2 p. m. 78 9 a. m. 74 7 p. m. 78

12 m. 72 11 m. 72 Weather—Clear.

A PLAN THAT FAILED.

A Decoy Coal Train With Two Companies of Troops

SENT OUT FROM THE MILITIA CAMP

Of the West Virginia Troops at Beawood Junction Yesterday

FAILED TO ACCOMPLISH ANYTHING.

The Miners and Their Sympathizers Did Not Obstruct the "Dummy" Train and It Came Through to Twenty-second Street—The Plan to Capture the Lawbreakers—The Affairs Looked Out Yesterday—The Day at Boggs Run With the Troops, The Yard Cleared of Coal.

Yesterday morning opened up with an attempt to execute a well planned coup de main, which would have broken up the lawlessness that has been prevalent on the West Virginia side of the river by the striking coal miners and their sympathizers. The troops had been encamped several hours in their cars on the big "loop" at Beawood Junction, when two companies were ordered out for a difficult mission. A conference had been held late at night between General Spillman, several of his officers, Sheriff Franzheim, of Ohio county, and Deputy United States Marshals A. D. Garden and McMahon. It was decided to make a bold move, and if possible capture the strikers and others who are responsible for the stopping of coal traffic on the Baltimore & Ohio at Boggs run. The plan as it matured was to take out a "blind" coal train with a sufficient force of soldiers and capture the obstructionists at whatever point the "hold-up" occurred. For this really dangerous mission General Spillman selected Major Banks, now in command of the Second regiment, and after due consideration decided to detail companies I and G, (both of Huntington) for the duty, these troops being considered the best men in the brigade for the occasion. Accordingly about midnight the soldiers were aroused and ordered out fully armed and equipped, to the number of about sixty. The boys were of course surprised at being routed out of their comfortable bunks at such an unearthly hour. In fact neither officers nor men, with the exception of Major Banks and Captains Lyons, and Peyton of the two companies, knew the character of the work which had been cut out for them by their superiors.

In a short time a train made up of one car of Monongahela coal and two empty gondolas pulled up where the men had been formed in line. Company G was put in the front empty gondola and Company I in the other. Besides the military, Sheriff Franzheim and Deputy Marshals Garden and McMahon, were also on board, the intention being to arrest the violators of the law if they were caught by the troops. About 2 o'clock yesterday morning the "decoy" train pulled out from Beawood Junction at only a medium rate of speed, care being taken that there should be no lights on either of the cars in which the troops were concealed. The men all reclined on the floor of the cars, and strict orders were given that not a word should be spoken.

No obstructions were encountered at Beawood, none being expected there in fact, but when the train neared the scene of the late hold-ups the word was quietly passed for the men to get ready for immediate action. The speed of the train was reduced to facilitate the expected hold-up, but greatly to the disappointment of all, the miners and their sympathizers had not collected in force sufficient to do anything. About six men were gathered in the vicinity of Kountz's mines just above the county line in Ohio county and Wheeling, but beyond hurling plenty of abuse and profanity at the trainmen, they did nothing, and were evidently unconcerned at the presence of the soldiers on the dummy coal train.

The train proceeded on up the Baltimore & Ohio through the city, it being thought possible that the men had collected at some point along the line. To the surprise of the officers there was not a sign of violence anywhere, the train going up to Twenty-second street on the river front without any trouble whatever.

Thus it was seen that the expedition had been a failure so far as accomplishing anything was concerned, and after a short stop in the city the return trip to the militia camp at Beawood Junction was made, but not in the empty coal cars, two coaches being provided by the railroad. The run to the camp was without incident except that the trainmen were greeted with jeers at the Kountz mines coal tipple by half dozen men gathered there.

It was the intention to keep the expedition a secret, and the men were so instructed, but the affair leaked out yesterday afternoon through one of the civil officials, and as a consequence another attempt to corral the strikers will probably not be made. At brigade headquarters yesterday some indignation was expressed at the inability of some people to keep a secret.

THE DAY IN CAMP.

The Boggs Run Yards Are Now Entirely Cleared of Coal.

There was an entire absence yesterday, except late in the evening, of the crowds that gathered around the camp of the West Virginia military forces at Boggs run on Saturday and Sunday. The spaces at the head of the camp, on Forty-eighth street, was entirely deserted throughout the day, and the few people who were around at times showed a more amiable disposition, there being none of the abuse and vituperation of previous days. In fact, there was more or less of a fraternal feeling. At the ball game in the afternoon between two of the companies there was a good sized crowd of Beawood and Wheeling people, who cheered the good plays and laughed at the many bad errors of the military base ballers. In the evening a delegation of Knights of the Golden Eagle were in camp, and were shown around

by a number of the Huntington boys who are members of that organization also.

The military had almost nothing to do yesterday, and not a train of coal left the yards under military escort during the entire day. General Spillman announced that from information he had received no more coal would be sent up to the city for transportation over the Pittsburgh and Wheeling branch of the Baltimore & Ohio. All the coal for that market that is considered necessary has been forwarded, and this in a measure will remove the necessity for troops in Ohio county. The general had no information as to a speedy withdrawal of the troops from Boggs run, but this was before the news of the settlement effected at the Columbus conference had been received here. Later it was learned that a conference between the two sheriffs and the military officers will be held this morning in conjunction with the officials of the Baltimore & Ohio company relative to the advisability of withdrawing the soldiers from Boggs run, where their term of usefulness seems to have expired.

The soldiers spent the day within their cars most of the time, though many passed away the hours with out-of-door sports during the afternoon. A ball game between nine made up of members of companies E and F, First regiment, attracted a big crowd of spectators, made up of soldier boys and people from South Wheeling and Benwood. The game was a walkover for company F's team, the score said to be something like 54 to 45.

During the afternoon two Wheeling men got inside the lines, and were soon working that old army game, known as the "shell game." Officers were informed of what was going on, and the pair were soon confined in the guard car, but were released after a confinement lasting about half an hour.

There was no change in the menu from which the soldiers could select their meals, but vendors of strawberries, oranges, lemons, etc., did a thriving business, charging extortionate prices for their stuff. Supper was served to the hungry soldiers at 7 o'clock, and at 8 o'clock, when everything had been packed into the cars, the military train of twenty cars took the troops to their usual camping place for the night at Beawood Junction, on the "loop." As the train pulled away three or four of the companies were singing familiar songs, and instead of the jeers and hisses of previous days, a hearty cheer greeted their departure.

NOTES OF THE CAMP.

The "Singing Company," which rivals an opera troupe, is Company I, Second regiment.

S. B. Paine was promoted yesterday, being appointed chief clerk of company G, Second regiment.

Private McClure, of Captain Peyton's company, has been dubbed by the boys in camp "The humorous man from Company I."

Private Bailey had a lively experience with a barbed wire fence at the foot of the hill last evening after dark, which played havoc with his new uniform.

Three articles of diet daily served to the troops are bacon, boiled "murfphy" and ethiopian coffee, also the old fashioned white army beans, crop of '63.

Private Prince, Company E, Second regiment, says that he is so pleased with army life that if it were not for his family he would join the regular army.

The Gatling gun is the chief attraction to the many visitors at Boggs Run camp, and Gunner Sergeant Jones takes delight in explaining the workings of the machine.

Lieutenant Hobson, who has been acting in place of Lieutenant Jenkins, with company G, Twenty-second regiment, has won the friendship of the whole company.

It is a welcome sight to the men to see the coal being moved out of the yards without opposition as it insures a speedy return home and an escape from arduous guard duty on top of coal trains.

Private Ackers, of Parkersburg, received a telegram to-day which read, "How are you, and when are you coming home?" It was not signed, but "Toby" says he recognizes the handwriting.

First Lieutenant Strother Hay, Sergeant Major Solfin, Chief Trumpeter C. L. Scott and Sergeant Major McClintock, of Huntington, arrived on the scene of action yesterday morning and were heartily greeted by their comrades.

Last night one of the pickets whose bravery exceeded his judgement coming upon a post, which his imagination conjured into the form of an enemy, raised his piece, and cried, "Halt! Who goes there?" Receiving no answer he fired, and charged with his bayonet, before discovering his mistake.

Will Johnson, the barber of company G, Second regiment, who came into camp yesterday morning in company with Lieutenant Hay, was kept busy all the afternoon shaving the boys. Consequently company G presents a much better appearance. The members of Captain Lyon's company were sun-

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